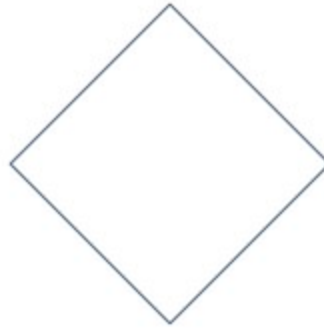


Brookfield



2023

Q2 SUPPLEMENTAL
INFORMATION

**Brookfield Renewable
Partners L.P.**

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS Brookfield

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Supplemental Information contains forward-looking statements and information, within the meaning of Canadian securities laws and “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, “safe harbor” provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and in any applicable Canadian securities regulations, concerning the business and operations of Brookfield Renewable. Forward-looking statements in this Supplemental Information include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the quality of Brookfield Renewable’s assets and the resiliency of the cash flow they will generate, our anticipated financial performance, future commissioning of assets, contracted portfolio, technology diversification, acquisition opportunities, expected completion of acquisitions, future energy prices and demand for electricity, economic recovery, achieving long-term average generation, project development and capital expenditure costs, diversification of Brookfield Renewable’s investor base, energy policies, economic growth, growth potential of the renewable asset class, our future growth prospects and distribution profile, our access to capital and future dividends and distributions made to holders of LP units and BEPC’s exchangeable shares. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as “plans”, “expects”, “scheduled”, “estimates”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “potentially”, “tends”, “continue”, “attempts”, “likely”, “primarily”, “approximately”, “endeavors”, “pursues”, “strives”, “seeks” or variations of such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results “may”, “could”, “would”, “might” or “will” be taken, occur or be achieved. Although we believe that our anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements and information in this report are based upon reasonable assumptions and expectations, we cannot assure you that such expectations will prove to have been correct. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and information as such statements and information involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and information.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated or implied by forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following: changes to resource availability, as a result of climate change or otherwise, at any of our facilities; volatility in supply and demand in the energy markets; our inability to re-negotiate or replace expiring PPAs on similar terms; an increase in the amount of uncontracted generation in our portfolio; availability and access to interconnection facilities and transmission systems; concessions and licenses expiring and not being renewed or replaced on similar terms; our real property rights for wind and utility-scale solar renewable energy facilities being adversely affected by the rights of lienholders and leaseholders that are superior to those granted to us; increases in the cost of operating our facilities; our failure to comply with conditions in, or our inability to maintain, governmental permits; equipment failures, including relating to wind turbines and utility-scale solar panels; the unavailability of necessary equipment, including spare parts and components required for project development or significant cost increases relating thereto; dam failures and the costs and potential liabilities associated with such failures; the severity, duration and spread of the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as the direct and indirect impacts that the virus may have; uninsurable losses and higher insurance premiums; changes in regulatory, political, economic and social conditions in the jurisdictions in which we operate; force majeure events; adverse changes in currency exchange rates and our inability to effectively manage foreign currency exposure; health, safety, security and environmental risks; energy marketing risks; the termination of, or a change to, the MRE balancing pool in Brazil; involvement in litigation and other disputes, and governmental and regulatory investigations; counterparties to our contracts not fulfilling their obligations; the time and expense of enforcing contracts against non-performing counterparties and the uncertainty of success; foreign laws or regulation to which we become subject as a result of future acquisitions in new markets; our operations being affected by local communities; our reliance on computerized business systems, which could expose us to cyber-attacks; newly developed technologies in which we invest not performing as anticipated; increases in water rental costs (or similar fees) or changes to the regulation of water supply; advances in technology that impair or eliminate the competitive advantage of our projects; labour disruptions and economically unfavorable collective bargaining agreements; fraud, bribery, corruption, other illegal acts or inadequate or failed internal processes or systems; our inability to finance our operations due to the status of the capital markets; operating and financial restrictions imposed on us by our loan, debt and security agreements; changes to our credit ratings; our inability to identify sufficient investment opportunities and complete transactions; changes to our current business, including through future energy transition investments; our inability to complete all or some of our capital recycling initiatives; the growth of our portfolio and our inability to realize the expected benefits of our transactions or acquisitions; our inability to develop greenfield projects or find new sites suitable for the development of greenfield projects; delays, cost overruns and other problems associated with the construction and operation of generating facilities and risks associated with the arrangements we enter into with communities and joint venture partners; Brookfield Asset Management’s election not to source acquisition opportunities for us and our lack of access to all renewable power acquisitions that Brookfield Asset Management identifies, including by reason of conflicts of interest; we do not have control over all of our operations or investments; political instability or changes in government policy; some of our acquisitions may be of distressed companies, which may subject us to increased risks, including the incurrence of legal or other expenses; a decline in the value of our investments in securities, including publicly traded securities of other companies; we are not subject to the same disclosure requirements as a U.S. domestic issuer; the separation of economic interest from control within our organizational structure; future sales and issuances of LP units, preferred units or securities exchangeable for LP units, including BEPC exchangeable shares, or the perception of such sales or issuances, could depress the trading price of the LP units or BEPC exchangeable shares; the incurrence of debt at multiple levels within our organizational structure; being deemed an “investment company” under the Investment Company Act of 1940; the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting; our dependence on Brookfield Asset Management and Brookfield Asset Management’s significant influence over us; the departure of some or all of Brookfield Asset Management’s key professionals; our lack of independent means of generating revenue; changes in how Brookfield Asset Management elects to hold its ownership interests in Brookfield Renewable; Brookfield Asset Management acting in a way that is not in our best interests or our unitholders; broader impact of climate change; failure of our systems technology; any changes in the market price of the LP units and BEPC exchangeable shares; and other factors described in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F, including those set forth under Item 3.D “Risk Factors”.

We caution that the foregoing list of important factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive. The forward-looking statements represent our views as of the date of this Supplemental Information and should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date. While we anticipate that subsequent events and developments may cause our views to change, we disclaim any obligation to update the forward-looking statements, other than as required by applicable law. For further information on these known and unknown risks, please see “Risk Factors” included in our most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F and other risks and factors that are described therein.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING USE OF NON-IFRS MEASURES

This Supplemental Information contains references to Adjusted EBITDA, Funds From Operations (“FFO”), FFO per Unit, Normalized FFO, Normalized FFO per Unit and Cash Available for Distribution (“CAFD”) (collectively, “Brookfield Renewable’s Non-IFRS Measures”) which are not generally accepted accounting measures standardized under IFRS and therefore may differ from definitions of proportionate Adjusted EBITDA, FFO, FFO per Unit, Normalized FFO, Normalized FFO per Unit and CAFD used by other entities. We believe that Brookfield Renewable’s Non-IFRS Measures are useful supplemental measures that may assist investors in assessing our financial performance. Brookfield Renewable’s Non-IFRS Measures should not be considered as the sole measures of our performance and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, analysis of our financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. For a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and FFO per Unit to the most directly comparable IFRS measure, please see “Appendix 1 – Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures”.

References to Brookfield Renewable are to Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P. together with its subsidiary and operating entities unless the context reflects otherwise. All amounts are in U.S. dollars and presented on a consolidated basis unless otherwise specified.

Q2 2023 Highlights

Brookfield

(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Select Financial Information				
Revenues	\$ 1,205	\$ 1,274	\$ 2,536	\$ 2,410
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders	(39)	1	(71)	(77)
Proportionate Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	586	547	1,145	1,046
FFO ⁽¹⁾	312	294	587	537
Normalized FFO ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	379	307	680	599
Per Share				
FFO per Unit ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	0.48	0.46	0.91	0.83
Normalized FFO per Unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	0.58	0.47	1.05	0.92
Distributions per LP unit ⁽⁴⁾	0.34	0.32	0.68	0.64
Net loss per LP unit ⁽⁴⁾	(0.10)	(0.03)	(0.20)	(0.19)
Operational Information				
Capacity (MW)	25,859	22,680	25,859	22,680
Total generation (GWh)				
Long-term average generation	18,622	16,280	36,258	31,377
Actual generation	17,798	16,488	36,828	31,684
Proportionate generation (GWh)				
Long-term average generation	8,403	8,152	16,277	15,566
Actual generation	7,543	7,978	15,783	15,403
Average revenue (\$ per MWh)	90	86	88	85

(1) Non-IFRS measures. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures".

(2) Normalized FFO assumes long-term average generation in all segments and uses 2022 foreign currency rates. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the change related to long-term average generation totaled \$66 million and \$81 million, respectively (2022: \$11 million and \$58 million, respectively) and the change related to foreign currency totaled \$1 million and \$12 million.

(3) Average Units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 were 649.6 million and 647.8 million, respectively (2022: 645.9 million and 645.8 million, respectively), being inclusive of our LP units, Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units, BEPC exchangeable shares and GP interest. The actual Units outstanding as at June 30, 2023 were 667.0 million (June 30, 2022: 645.9 million).

(4) Average LP units outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 were 277.6 million and 276.5 million, respectively (2022: 275.2 million and 275.1 million, respectively). The actual LP units outstanding as at June 30, 2023 were 288.8 million (2022: 275.2 million).

(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED) June 30, 2023

Liquidity and Capital Resources⁽¹⁾

Available liquidity	\$	4,546
Debt to capitalization – Corporate		11 %
Debt to capitalization – Consolidated		35 %
Non-recourse borrowings		89 %
Fixed debt exposure on a proportionate basis ⁽²⁾		98 %
Corporate borrowings term to maturity		11 years
Non-recourse borrowings on a proportionate basis		
Average debt term to maturity		12 years
Average interest rate		5.3 %

(1) Refer to Part 1 - Q2 2023 Highlights in the Management's Discussion and Analysis for December 31, 2022 comparative figures.

(2) Total floating rate exposure is 9% (2022: 10%) of which 7% (2022: 7%) is related to floating rate debt exposure of certain regions outside of North America and Europe due to the high cost of hedging associated with those regions.

\$312M

FUNDS FROM
OPERATIONS

4%

FFO PER UNIT
INCREASE

\$4.5B

AVAILABLE
LIQUIDITY

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

- FFO increased to \$587 million on a year-to-date basis or \$0.91 per Unit, representing a 10% increase on a per Unit basis. For the quarter, FFO increased to \$312 million, a 6% increase from prior year, driven by:
 - Higher realized prices across most markets on the back of inflation escalation and commercial initiatives;
 - Strong asset availability across our fleet; and
 - Contributions from growth, both from acquisitions and 3,400 MW of new development projects reaching commercial operation in the past 12 months;
- Adjusting for below long-term average generation, the business produced normalized FFO of \$379 million or \$0.58 per Unit, representing a 23% increase on a per Unit basis
- Distributions of \$0.3375 per LP unit (\$1.35 annualized) represents an increase of 5.5% over the prior year
- Maintained a best-in-class balance sheet underpinned by \$4.5 billion of available liquidity, with access to multiple sources of capital including a robust pipeline of asset sales and upfinancing opportunities, no material near-term maturities and floating rate exposure

OPERATIONS

- Continued to focus on being the partner of choice to procure power
 - Secured contracts to deliver approximately 2,000 GWh of clean energy annually including approximately 900 GWh to corporate offtakers

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

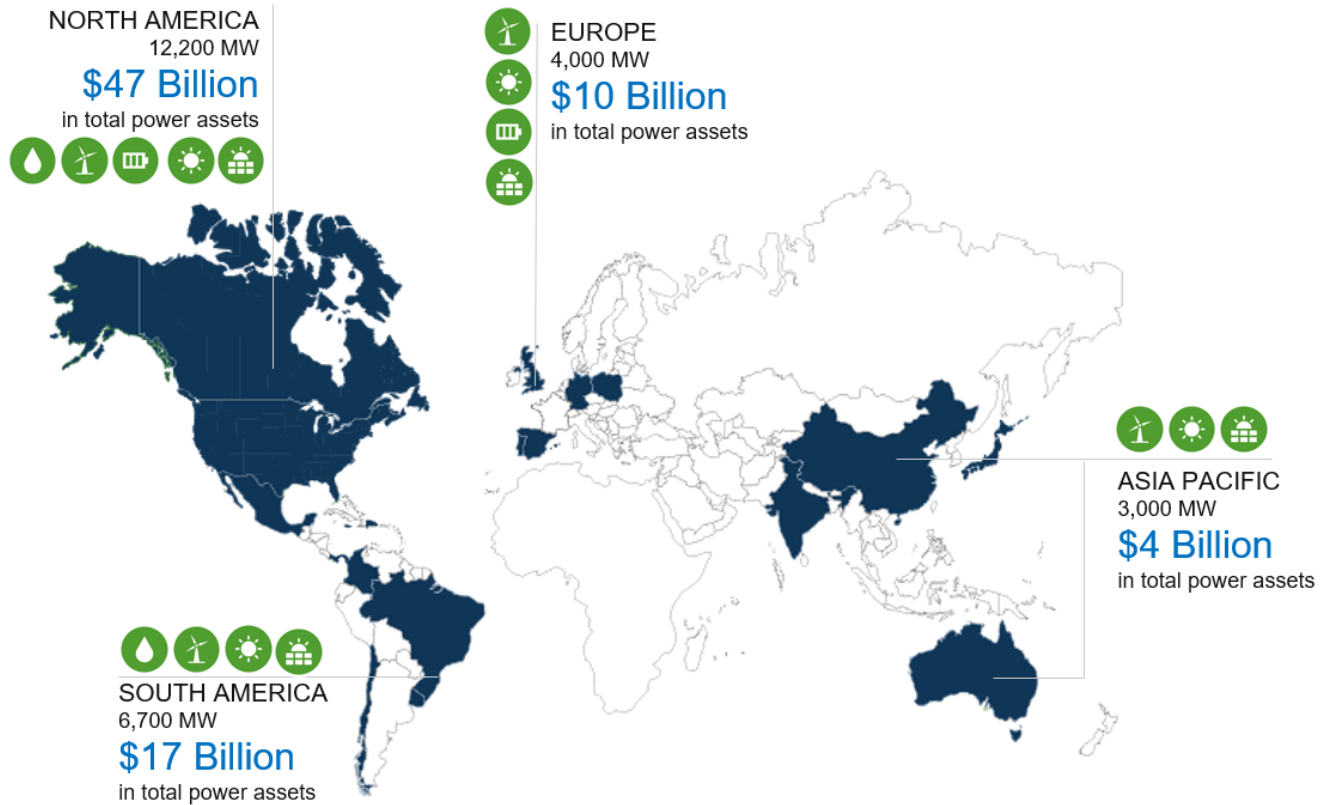
- Our access to diverse pools of capital, including private institutional capital, backed by our investment grade balance sheet, continues to provide resiliency and a strategic advantage particularly during market volatility
 - Liquidity position remains robust, with over \$4.5 billion of total available liquidity, providing significant flexibility to fund growth, and no meaningful near-term maturities
 - On the back of significant outperformance of our growth targets, we executed on \$650 million equity financing this quarter through a bought deal of both LP units and BEPC exchangeable shares, and a concurrent private placement of LP units
 - To date we have executed asset recycling activities generating proceeds of approximately \$600 million (approximately \$400 million net to Brookfield Renewable) and advanced other processes which when completed, we expect to generate significant additional capital

GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT (Cont'd)

- During the quarter, together with our institutional partners, we have committed to invest approximately \$1.3 billion (approximately \$300 million net to Brookfield Renewable) of capital across various investments, including:
 - Signed a definitive agreement to acquire 100% of Duke Energy Renewables, a fully integrated developer and operator of renewable power assets in the United States with 5,900 MW of operating and under construction assets, and a 6,100 MW of development pipeline for approximately \$1.05 billion (approximately \$265 million net to Brookfield Renewable);
 - Agreed to invest up to \$360 million (\$72 million net to Brookfield Renewable) to acquire a 55% stake in a leading C&I renewable platform based in India with 4,500 megawatts of operating and development pipeline;
 - Completed the acquisition of a distributed generation platform with approximately 730 MW of development pipeline in Brazil for approximately \$150 million (approximately \$30 million net to Brookfield Renewable); and
 - Completed the acquisition of a 240 MW solar development project in China for approximately \$42 million (approximately \$8 million net to Brookfield Renewable)
- Commissioned 1,500 MW of development thus far this year, including completing the final phase of our 1,200 MW solar complex in Brazil (commissioned 800 MW this quarter) and are on track to deliver 5,000 MW for the year. We also continue to advance the construction of approximately 22,500 MW of development projects that, together with our commissioned projects in the last twelve months, are expected to generate FFO of approximately \$339 million once completed

About Brookfield Renewable

We are a global leader in decarbonization, with **integrated operating platforms** on **five continents** with **operating, development** and **power marketing** expertise



\$78 billion

TOTAL POWER ASSETS

6,829 power generating facilities

25,900

MW OF OPERATING CAPACITY

~30 markets in 20 countries

Overview of Our Operations

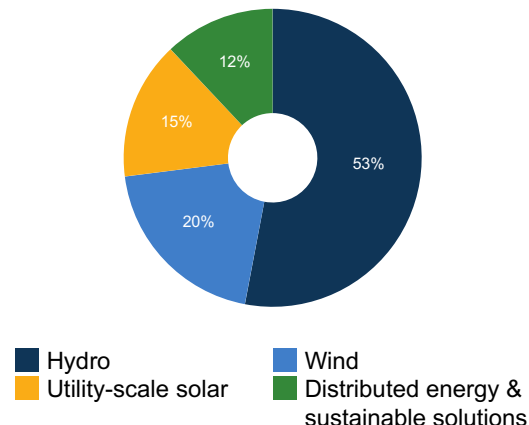
Our global diversified portfolio of renewable power assets, which makes up over 96% of our business, has approximately 25,900 MW of operating capacity and annualized LTA generation of approximately 71,400 GWh and a development pipeline of approximately 134,400 MW.

The table below outlines our portfolio as at June 30, 2023

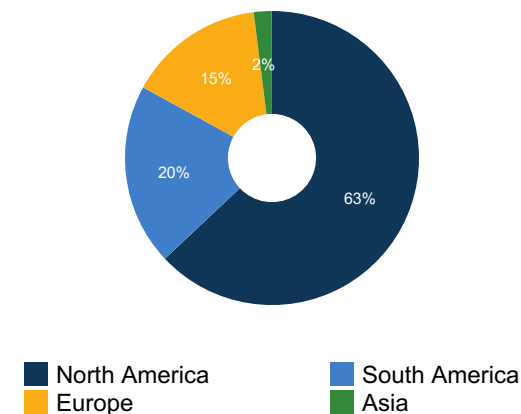
As at June 30, 2023	River Systems	Facilities	Capacity (MW)	LTA ⁽¹⁾ (GWh)	Storage Capacity (GWh)
Hydroelectric					
North America					
United States ⁽²⁾	30	139	2,921	11,963	2,559
Canada	19	33	1,361	5,178	1,261
	49	172	4,282	17,141	3,820
Colombia ⁽³⁾	11	17	2,953	15,891	3,703
Brazil	27	43	940	4,811	—
	87	232	8,175	37,843	7,523
Wind					
North America					
United States ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	—	38	3,472	11,255	—
Canada	—	4	483	1,438	—
	—	42	3,955	12,693	—
Europe	—	42	1,118	2,551	—
Brazil	—	24	582	2,390	—
Asia	—	23	1,401	3,855	—
	—	131	7,056	21,489	—
Utility-scale Solar⁽⁶⁾					
	—	158	4,442	9,271	—
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions					
Distributed generation ⁽⁷⁾	—	6,285	2,182	2,772	—
Storage & Other ⁽⁸⁾	2	23	4,004	—	5,220
	2	6,308	6,186	2,772	5,220
Total	89	6,829	25,859	71,375	12,743

Our sustainable solutions portfolio is comprised of renewable power and emerging transition asset classes where our initial investments position us for potential future large-scale decarbonization investments. This portfolio includes investments in businesses that have an operating portfolio of 47 thousand metric tonnes per annum (“TMTPA”) of carbon capture and storage (“CCS”), 3 million Metric Million British thermal units (“MMBtu”) of agricultural renewable natural gas (“RNG”) operating production capacity annually, over 1 million tons of recycled materials and 4 GW of operating renewable power assets.

Revenue by Source of Energy (proportionate basis)⁽¹⁾

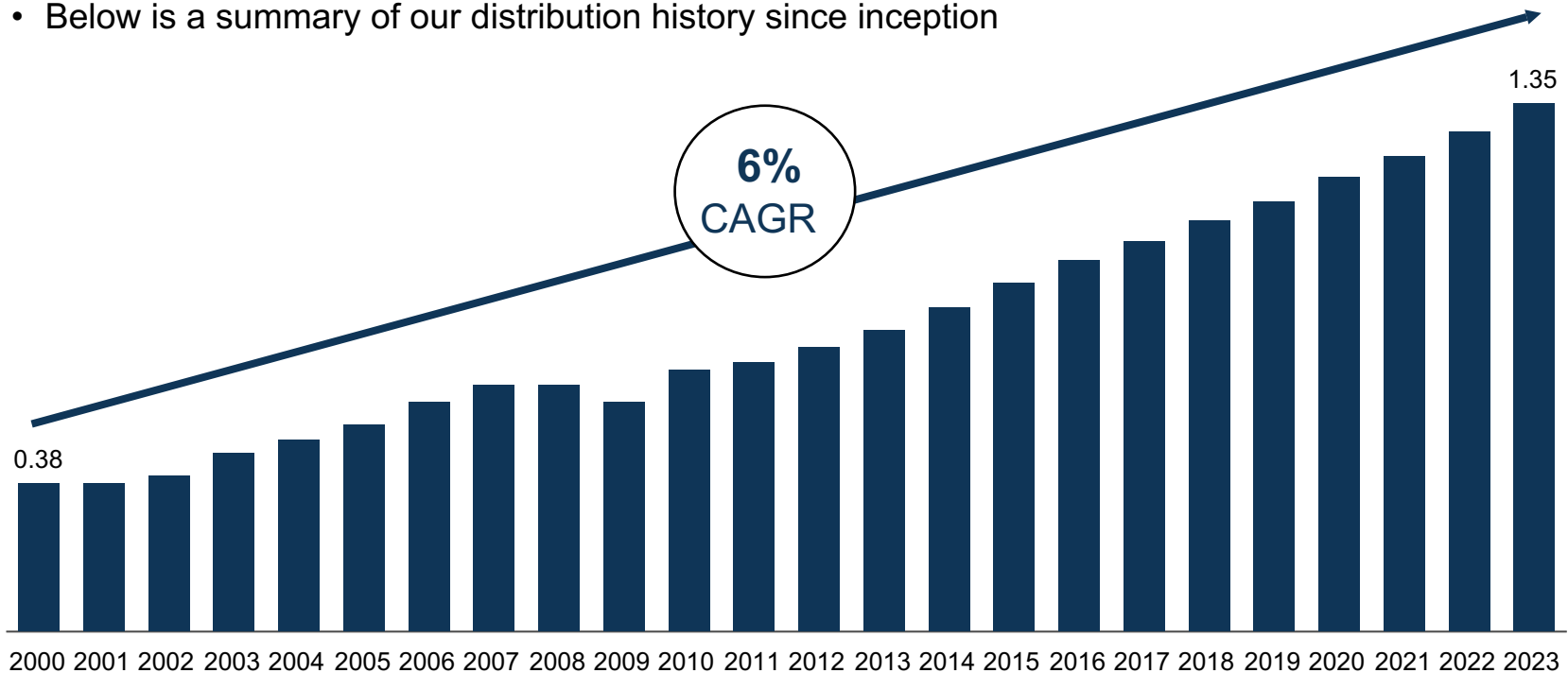


Revenue by Region (proportionate basis)⁽¹⁾



(1) Figures based on normalized revenue for the last twelve months, proportionate to Brookfield Renewable.

- We target a long-term distribution growth rate in the range of 5% to 9% annually
- Distribution payout is reviewed with the Board of Directors in the first quarter of each year
- The next quarterly distribution in the amount of \$0.3375 per LP unit, is payable on September 29, 2023 to LP unitholders of record as at the close of business on August 31, 2023. This quarterly distribution represents a 5.5% increase compared to the prior year
 - Distributions have grown at a compounded annual growth rate of 6% since inception in 1999
- Below is a summary of our distribution history since inception





Generation and Financial Review for the Three Months Ended June 30

Segmented Information

Our operations are segmented by – 1) hydroelectric, 2) wind, 3) utility-scale solar, 4) distributed energy & sustainable solutions (distributed generation, pumped storage, renewable natural gas, carbon capture and storage, recycling, cogeneration and biomass), and 5) corporate – with hydroelectric and wind further segmented by geography (i.e., North America, Colombia, Brazil, Europe and Asia). This best reflects the way in which the CODM reviews results of our company.

Proportionate Information

Information on a proportionate basis reflects our share from facilities which we account for using consolidation and the equity method whereby we either control or exercise significant influence or joint control over the investment, respectively. The total proportionate financial information is not, and is not intended to be, presented in accordance with IFRS. Proportionate information provides a net to Brookfield Renewable Unitholder perspective that management considers important when performing internal analyses and making strategic and operating decisions. Management also believes that providing proportionate information helps investors understand the impacts of decisions made by management and financial results allocable to Brookfield Renewable's Unitholders. Tables reconciling IFRS data with data presented on a proportionate basis have been disclosed. See "Appendix 1 – Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures". As a result, segment revenues, other income, direct operating costs, interest expense, depreciation, current and deferred income taxes, and other are reconciling items that will differ from results presented in accordance with IFRS as these reconciling items (1) include our proportionate share of earnings from equity-accounted investments attributable to each of the above-noted items, and (2) exclude the proportionate share of earnings (loss) of consolidated investments not held by us apportioned to each of the above-noted items.

The presentation of proportionate results has limitations as an analytical tool, including the following: The amounts shown on the individual line items were derived by applying our overall economic ownership interest percentage and do not necessarily represent our legal claim to the assets and liabilities, or the revenues and expenses; and other companies may calculate proportionate results differently than we do. Because of these and other limitations, our proportionate financial information should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our financial statements as reported under IFRS. We do not control those entities that have not been consolidated and as such, have been presented as equity-accounted investments in our financial statements. The presentation of the assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses do not represent our legal claim to such items, and the removal of financial statement amounts that are attributable to non-controlling interests does not extinguish our legal claims or exposures to such items.

Unless the context indicates or requires otherwise, information with respect to the MW attributable to Brookfield Renewable's facilities, including development assets, is presented on a consolidated basis, including with respect to facilities whereby Brookfield Renewable either controls or jointly controls the applicable facility.

We provide additional information on how we determine Adjusted EBITDA, FFO, Normalized FFO, FFO per Unit, Normalized FFO per Unit and CAFD. See "Appendix 3 – Presentation to Stakeholders and Performance Measurement". We also provide reconciliations to IFRS Measures. See "Appendix 1 – Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures".

Proportionate Results for the Three Months Ended June 30

For each operating segment, this Supplemental Information outlines Brookfield Renewable's **proportionate** share of results in order to demonstrate the impact of key value drivers of each operating segment on the partnership's overall performance.

	(GWh)				(MILLIONS)					
	Actual Generation		LTA Generation		Revenues		Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾		Funds From Operations ⁽²⁾	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Hydroelectric										
North America	3,028	3,478	3,569	3,569	\$ 274	\$ 297	\$ 181	\$ 204	\$ 114	\$ 155
Brazil	1,062	938	1,020	1,017	58	45	42	34	36	24
Colombia	904	1,125	907	949	66	67	47	45	21	26
	4,994	5,541	5,496	5,535	398	409	270	283	171	205
Wind										
North America	921	1,055	1,148	1,163	73	85	84	54	68	38
Europe	173	210	204	215	35	32	32	33	27	28
Brazil	149	126	181	167	9	7	7	6	5	4
Asia	198	154	240	139	13	10	10	9	7	6
	1,441	1,545	1,773	1,684	130	134	133	102	107	76
Utility-scale solar	661	541	843	663	110	112	107	104	77	74
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions⁽¹⁾	447	351	291	270	81	68	63	47	54	38
Corporate	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	11	(97)	(99)
Total	7,543	7,978	8,403	8,152	\$ 719	\$ 723	\$ 586	\$ 547	\$ 312	\$ 294

(1) Actual generation includes 172 GWh (2022: 98 GWh) from facilities that do not have a corresponding LTA. See 'Presentation to Stakeholders' for why we do not consider LTA for our pumped storage and certain of our other facilities. Non-IFRS measures.

(2) For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures".

Hydroelectric Operations on Proportionate Basis

4,994 GWh

PROPORTIONATE GENERATION

\$171M

FFO

The following table presents our proportionate results for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)				
Revenue	\$ 398	\$ 409	\$ 860	\$ 766
Other income	10	2	16	22
Direct operating costs	(138)	(128)	(283)	(258)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	270	283	593	530
Interest expense	(89)	(67)	(183)	(127)
Current income taxes	(10)	(11)	(20)	(24)
Funds From Operations	\$ 171	\$ 205	\$ 390	\$ 379
<i>Generation (GWh) – LTA</i>	5,496	5,535	10,594	10,625
<i>Generation (GWh) – actual</i>	4,994	5,541	10,787	10,738

FINANCIAL RESULTS

FFO decreased 17% or \$34 million to \$171 million

- FFO at our North American business was \$114 million versus \$155 million in the prior year as the benefit from higher average revenue per MWh due to inflation indexation on our contracted generation and commercial initiatives was more than offset by lower resources across our hydroelectric portfolio and higher interest expense due to the financing initiatives completed to fund growth
- FFO at our Brazilian business was \$36 million versus \$24 million in the prior year primarily due to favorable generation (13% above prior year and 4% above LTA) and higher average revenue per MWh due to inflation indexation on our contracted generation
- FFO at our Colombian business was \$21 million versus \$26 million in the prior year as the benefit from higher average revenue per MWh due to inflation indexation on contracted generation was more than offset by lower resources as the prior year benefited from well above LTA conditions, higher interest expense as a result of accelerated refinancing initiatives completed in the prior year and the weakening of the Colombian peso versus the U.S. dollar

The following table presents our proportionate results for the three months ended June 30 by geography:

	Actual Generation (GWh)		Average revenue per MWh ⁽¹⁾		Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾		Funds From Operations	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)								
North America								
United States	1,931	2,104	\$ 88	\$ 84	\$ 109	\$ 125	\$ 71	\$ 100
Canada	1,097	1,374	68	66	72	79	43	55
	3,028	3,478	81	77	181	204	114	155
Brazil	1,062	938	55	48	42	34	36	24
Colombia	904	1,125	73	60	47	45	21	26
Total	4,994	5,541	\$ 74	\$ 69	\$ 270	\$ 283	\$ 171	\$ 205

⁽¹⁾ Average revenue per MWh was adjusted to net the impact of power purchases and any revenue with no corresponding generation.

⁽²⁾ Non-IFRS measures. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures".

Wind Operations on Proportionate Basis

1,441 GWh

\$107M

PROPORTIONATE GENERATION

FFO

The following table presents our proportionate results for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)				
Revenue	\$ 130	\$ 134	\$ 273	\$ 286
Other income	42	8	43	12
Direct operating costs	(39)	(40)	(75)	(79)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	133	102	241	219
Interest expense	(24)	(26)	(50)	(50)
Current income taxes	(2)	—	(5)	(1)
Funds From Operations	\$ 107	\$ 76	\$ 186	\$ 168
<i>Generation (GWh) – LTA</i>	1,773	1,684	3,785	3,413
<i>Generation (GWh) – actual</i>	1,441	1,545	3,132	3,171

FINANCIAL RESULTS

FFO increased 41% or \$31 million to \$107 million

- FFO at our North American business was \$68 million versus \$38 million in the prior year as the benefit from growth, including the completion of our 850-megawatt repowering project in the U.S and a gain on the partial sale of certain North American development assets. On a same store basis, higher average revenue per MWh due to inflation indexation, commercial initiatives and generation mix was offset by lower resources
- FFO at our European business was \$27 million versus \$28 million in the prior year as lower resources and lower average revenue per MWh due to adjustments to the regulated price earned by our Spanish assets was partly offset by commercial hedging initiatives
- FFO at our Brazilian business of \$5 million versus \$4 million in the prior year primarily due to stronger resources and higher average per MWh due to inflation indexation on our contracts
- FFO at our Asian business was \$7 million versus \$6 million in the prior year primarily due to growth from our newly acquired and commissioned facilities in China (\$1 million and 44 GWh)

The following table presents our proportionate results for the three months ended June 30 by geography:

	Actual Generation (GWh)		Average revenue per MWh		Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾		Funds From Operations	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)								
North America								
United States ⁽¹⁾	729	767	\$ 71	\$ 60	\$ 39	\$ 32	\$ 27	\$ 21
Canada	192	288	89	94	45	22	41	17
	921	1,055	75	69	84	54	68	38
Europe ⁽²⁾	173	210	137	146	32	33	27	28
Brazil	149	126	60	56	7	6	5	4
Asia	198	154	66	65	10	9	7	6
Total	1,441	1,545	\$ 79	\$ 78	\$ 133	\$ 102	\$ 107	\$ 76

⁽¹⁾ Average revenue per MWh adjusted to net the impact of power purchases

⁽²⁾ Average revenue per MWh was adjusted to normalize the quarterly impact of the market pricing on our regulated assets in Spain

⁽³⁾ Non-IFRS measures. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures"

Utility-scale solar, Distributed energy & sustainable solutions, and Corporate on Proportionate Basis

The following table presents our proportionate results for our Utility-scale solar business for the three and six months ended June 30:

(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 110	\$ 112	\$ 198	\$ 193
Other income	15	19	23	55
Direct operating costs	(18)	(27)	(45)	(54)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	107	104	176	194
Interest expense	(28)	(28)	(55)	(54)
Current income taxes	(2)	(2)	(4)	(2)
Funds From Operations	\$ 77	\$ 74	\$ 117	\$ 138
<i>Generation (GWh) – LTA</i>	843	663	1,414	1,086
<i>Generation (GWh) – actual</i>	661	541	1,147	895

The following table presents our proportionate results for our Distributed energy & sustainable solutions business for the three and six months ended June 30:

(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 81	\$ 68	\$ 160	\$ 127
Other income	9	3	14	16
Direct operating costs	(27)	(24)	(55)	(48)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	63	47	119	95
Interest expense	(9)	(12)	(21)	(22)
Current income taxes	—	3	(1)	2
Funds From Operations	\$ 54	\$ 38	\$ 97	\$ 75
<i>Generation (GWh) – LTA</i>	291	270	484	442
<i>Generation (GWh) – actual⁽²⁾</i>	447	351	717	599

(1) Non-IFRS measures. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures".

(2) Actual generation includes 172 GWh (2022: 98 GWh) from facilities that do not have a corresponding LTA. See 'Presentation to Stakeholders' for why we do not consider LTA for our pumped storage and certain of our other facilities.

The following table presents Corporate results for the three and six months ended June 30:

(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Other income	\$ 22	\$ 19	\$ 34	\$ 24
Direct operating costs	(9)	(8)	(18)	(16)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	13	11	16	8
Management service costs	(55)	(65)	(112)	(141)
Interest expense	(32)	(20)	(60)	(40)
Preferred Distributions ⁽²⁾	(23)	(25)	(47)	(50)
Funds From Operations	\$ (97)	\$ (99)	\$ (203)	\$ (223)

(1) Non-IFRS measures. For reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Use of Non-IFRS Measures".

(2) Distributions on Preferred Units, Class A Preference Shares and Perpetual Subordinated Notes.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

- FFO at our utility-scale solar business was \$77 million versus \$74 million in the prior year as the benefit from newly commissioned facilities (\$6 million and 137 GWh) and the benefit from commercial hedging initiatives was partly offset by lower resources and lower average revenue per MWh due to adjustments to the regulated price earned by our Spanish assets
- FFO at our distributed energy & sustainable solutions business was \$54 million versus \$38 million in the prior year as the benefit of growth from recent acquisitions and development activities and higher resources was partly offset by lower results from our pumped storage facilities due to the timing of maintenance activities

Capitalization and Available Liquidity

CAPITALIZATION

A key element of our financing strategy is to raise the majority of our debt in the form of asset-specific, non-recourse borrowings at our subsidiaries on an investment-grade basis with no maintenance covenants. Substantially all of our debt is either investment grade rated or sized to investment grade and approximately 89% of debt is non-recourse. The following table summarizes our capitalization:

	Corporate		Consolidated	
	June 30	December 31	June 30	December 31
(MILLIONS, EXCEPT AS NOTED)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Commercial paper ⁽¹⁾	—	249	—	249
Debt				
Medium term notes ⁽²⁾	2,661	2,307	2,661	2,307
Non-recourse borrowings ⁽³⁾	—	—	21,798	22,321
	2,661	2,307	24,459	24,628
Deferred income tax liabilities, net ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	6,665	6,331
Equity				
Non-controlling interest	—	—	16,604	14,755
Preferred equity	584	571	584	571
Perpetual subordinated debt	592	592	592	592
Preferred LP equity	760	760	760	760
Unitholders' equity	9,972	9,608	9,972	9,608
Total capitalization	\$ 14,569	13,838	59,636	57,245
Debt-to-total capitalization ⁽¹⁾	18 %	17 %	41 %	43 %
Debt-to-total capitalization - market value ⁽¹⁾⁽⁵⁾	11 %	11 %	35 %	39 %

(1) Draws on corporate credit facilities and commercial paper issuances are excluded from the debt-to-total capitalization ratios as they are not permanent sources of capital.

(2) Medium term notes are unsecured and guaranteed by Brookfield Renewable and exclude \$10 million (2022: \$8 million) of deferred financing fees, net of unamortized premiums.

(3) Consolidated non-recourse borrowings include \$923 million (2022: \$1,838 million) borrowed under a subscription facility of a Brookfield sponsored private fund and exclude \$128 million (2022: \$124 million) of deferred financing fees and \$94 million (2022: \$105 million) of unamortized premiums.

(4) Deferred income tax liabilities less deferred income tax assets.

(5) Based on market values of Preferred equity, Preferred limited partners' equity and Unitholders' equity.

AVAILABLE LIQUIDITY

We operate with sufficient liquidity to enable us to fund growth initiatives, capital expenditures, distributions or other expenditures and withstand sudden adverse changes in economic circumstances or short-term fluctuations in generation. Our principal sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, our credit facilities, up-financings on non-recourse borrowings and proceeds from the issuance of securities through public markets. The following table summarizes the available liquidity:

	June 30	December 31
(MILLIONS)	2023	2022
Brookfield Renewable's share of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 518	\$ 444
Investments in marketable securities	338	211
Corporate credit facilities		
Authorized credit facilities	2,375	2,375
Authorized letter of credit facilities	500	500
Issued letters of credit	(325)	(344)
Available portion of corporate credit facilities	2,550	2,531
Available portion of subsidiary credit facilities on a proportionate basis	1,140	509
Available group-wide liquidity	\$ 4,546	\$ 3,695

The following table summarizes our undiscounted principal and scheduled amortization repayments on a proportionate basis:

(MILLIONS)	Balance of 2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter	Total
Principal repayments⁽¹⁾							
Medium term notes ⁽²⁾	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 302	\$ —	\$ 378	\$ 1,981	\$ 2,661
Non-recourse borrowings							
Hydroelectric	11	116	345	324	169	1,317	2,282
Wind	19	55	—	76	—	506	656
Utility-scale solar	15	3	—	45	—	438	501
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	—	—	153	—	—	261	414
	<u>45</u>	<u>174</u>	<u>498</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>2,522</u>	<u>3,853</u>
Amortization							
Non-recourse borrowings							
Hydroelectric	60	158	161	176	146	2,042	2,743
Wind	67	133	139	134	133	696	1,302
Utility-scale solar	69	130	139	132	135	1,251	1,856
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	29	39	37	29	33	347	514
	<u>225</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>476</u>	<u>471</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>4,336</u>	<u>6,415</u>
Total	<u>\$ 270</u>	<u>\$ 634</u>	<u>\$ 1,276</u>	<u>\$ 916</u>	<u>\$ 994</u>	<u>\$ 8,839</u>	<u>12,929</u>
Less : Brookfield Renewable's share of cash and cash equivalents							518
Proportionate Net Debt ⁽³⁾							<u>\$ 12,411</u>

(1) Draws on corporate credit facilities and commercial paper issuances are excluded from the debt repayment schedule as they are not a permanent source of capital.

(2) Medium term notes are unsecured and guaranteed by Brookfield Renewable and excludes \$10 million (2022: \$8 million) of deferred financing fees, net of unamortized premiums.

(3) Refer to endnotes on page 38

The average duration of the debt at both our wind and utility-scale solar businesses of 8 and 13 years, respectively, is significantly shorter than the average expected useful lives of the underlying projects. The long-term sustainable debt amortization of our wind and utility-scale solar businesses – calculated as the initial debt capacity of the projects amortized on a straight line basis over their useful lives – is \$80 million and \$101 million per year, respectively.

We remain focused on refinancing near-term facilities and maintaining a manageable maturity ladder. We do not anticipate material issues in refinancing our borrowings through 2027 on acceptable terms and will do so opportunistically based on the prevailing interest rate environment. Historically, we have completed up-financings of our hydro projects as these facilities tend to grow in value over time (long-lived assets with revenues typically indexed to inflation). Since 2018, we have generated over \$2 billion (~\$400 million on average per year) of proceeds from up-financings completed on an investment grade basis. We expect to continue to execute on these types of up-financings where possible in our portfolio.

The overall maturity profile and average interest rates associated with our borrowings and credit facilities on a proportionate basis are as follows:

	Average term (years)		Average interest rate (%)	
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Credit facilities ⁽¹⁾	5	5	N/A	N/A
Commercial paper	N/A	<1	N/A	5.1
Medium term notes	11	11	4.3	4.1
Non-recourse borrowings	12	12	5.3	4.9

(1) Draws on our corporate credit facilities are presented based on available capacity of our longest dated facilities irrespective of the credit facility drawn.

Contract Profile

The following table sets out our contracts over the next five years for generation output in North America, Europe, and other countries in Asia on a proportionate basis, assuming long-term average. The table excludes Brazil and Colombia hydroelectric portfolios, where we would expect the energy associated with maturing contracts to be re-contracted in the normal course given the construct of the respective power markets. In these countries, we currently have a contracted profile of approximately 90% and 73%, respectively, of the long-term average and we would expect to maintain this going forward. Overall, our portfolio has a weighted-average remaining contract duration of 13 years (on a proportionate basis).

(GWh, except as noted)	Balance of 2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Contracted					
Hydroelectric ⁽¹⁾	4,712	10,624	10,312	9,446	8,997
Wind	3,233	6,543	6,607	6,484	6,214
Utility-scale solar	1,295	2,663	2,657	2,655	2,649
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	458	931	925	913	895
	<u>9,698</u>	<u>20,761</u>	<u>20,501</u>	<u>19,498</u>	<u>18,755</u>
Uncontracted	<u>1,150</u>	<u>2,515</u>	<u>2,775</u>	<u>3,778</u>	<u>4,521</u>
Long-term average on a proportionate basis	10,848	23,276	23,276	23,276	23,276
Non-controlling interests	13,247	27,410	27,410	27,410	27,410
Total long-term average	<u><u>24,095</u></u>	<u><u>50,686</u></u>	<u><u>50,686</u></u>	<u><u>50,686</u></u>	<u><u>50,686</u></u>
Contracted generation as a % of total generation on a proportionate basis	89%	89%	88%	84%	81%
Price per MWh – total generation on a proportionate basis	\$ 83	\$ 83	\$ 84	\$ 86	\$ 87

(1) Includes generation of 696 GWh for Balance of 2023, 1,520 GWh for 2024, 1,510 GWh for 2025, 1,171 GWh for 2026, and 699 GWh for 2027 secured under financial contracts

Weighted-average remaining contract durations on a proportionate basis are 15 years in North America, 12 years in Europe, 10 years in Brazil, 4 years in Colombia, and 15 years across our remaining jurisdictions.

In North America, over the next five years, a number of contracts will expire at our hydroelectric facilities. Based on current market prices for energy and ancillary products, we expect a net positive impact to cash flows.

In our Colombian portfolio, we continue to focus on securing long-term contracts while maintaining a certain percentage of uncontracted generation to mitigate hydrology risk.

Our economic exposure for 2022 on a proportionate basis is distributed as follows: power authorities (41%), distribution companies (22%), commercial & industrial users (22%) and Brookfield (15%).

Development Profile

Brookfield

Expected to deliver \$339 million of annualized FFO from our recently developed, under construction or construction-ready, and advanced stage development assets.

The following table summarizes the 1,473 MW and 3,419 MW of assets that reached commercial operations in the last six and twelve months, respectively:

Project Name	Country / Region	Technology	YTD 2023			Last 12 months		
			Capacity	Net Capacity	Annualized Expected FFO (millions)	Capacity	Net Capacity	Annualized Expected FFO (millions)
Januaba Solar Complex	Brazil	Solar	300 MW	75 MW	\$ 4	1,142 MW	286 MW	\$ 11
Asia Renewable	India, China	Solar, Wind	662 MW	122 MW	7	967 MW	185 MW	12
Shepherds Flat Repowering	United States	Wind	—	—	—	365	49	5
Distributed Generation	China, United States, Spain	Distributed Generation	177 MW	33 MW	2	484 MW	70 MW	5
X-Elio	Australia, Spain, Japan	Solar	166 MW	22 MW	3	183 MW	24 MW	3
Europe Renewable	Poland, Germany	Solar, Wind	101 MW	13 MW	1	128 MW	15 MW	1
Colombia Renewable	Colombia	Wind, Solar	—	—	—	50	12	2
U.S. Renewable	United States	Pumped Storage, Battery, Wind	67 MW	47 MW	3	100 MW	64 MW	7
Carbon Capture & Storage	Canada	Carbon Capture & Storage	—	—	—	47	5	1
Total			1,473 MW	312 MW	\$ 20	3,419 MW / 47 TMTPA	705 MW / 5 TMTPA	\$ 47

The following table summarizes the expected commissioning schedule of our renewable power and sustainable solutions development pipeline:

Development Pipeline	Technology	2023	2024	2025	Remaining Advanced Stage	Total Advanced Stage Pipeline	Remaining Pipeline	Total Pipeline
Renewable Power								
North America	Wind, Solar, Distributed Generation, Battery, Green Hydrogen	1,184	2,279	2,799	4,084	10,346	71,494	81,840
South America	Hydroelectric, Wind, Solar, Distributed Generation, Battery	218	421	1,133	99	1,871	5,735	7,606
Europe	Wind, Solar, Distributed Generation, Battery	357	1,552	1,111	1,485	4,505	18,801	23,306
APAC	Wind, Solar, Distributed Generation, Battery	1,361	2,451	1,269	665	5,746	15,942	21,688
Total (MW)		3,120	6,703	6,312	6,333	22,468	111,972	134,440
Total Annualized Expected FFO (net to BEP)		\$ 47	\$ 90	\$ 76	\$ 61	\$ 274		
Sustainable Solutions								
	Carbon Capture & Storage (TMTPA ¹)	15	—	208	425	648	11,989	12,637
	RNG Production (MMBtu ²)	—	1,115,639	1,518,509	—	2,634,148	1,374,866	4,009,014
North America	Material Recycling (Tons)	684,000	380,000	1,041,400	—	2,105,400	978,000	3,083,400
	Solar Panel Manufacturing (MWs per annum)	—	1,500	2,500	—	4,000	1,000	5,000
	Green Ammonia (Tons)	—	—	—	—	—	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total Annualized Expected FFO (net to BEP)		\$ 1	\$ 5	\$ 10	\$ 2	\$ 18		

(1) Thousand metric tons per annum

(2) Metric million British thermal unit

Refer to page 33 for more details and refer to endnotes on page 38



Appendix 1 – Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

Segment Reconciliation on a Proportionate Basis – Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

The following table reflects Adjusted EBITDA and FFO and provides reconciliation to IFRS financial data for the three months ended June 30, 2023:

(MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders					Total	Contribution from equity-accounted investments	Attributable to non-controlling interests	As per IFRS Financials ⁽⁹⁾
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate				
Revenues	\$ 398	\$ 130	\$ 110	\$ 81	\$ —	\$ 719	\$ (50)	\$ 536	\$ 1,205
Other income	10	42	15	9	22	98	(2)	(35)	61
Direct operating costs	(138)	(39)	(18)	(27)	(9)	(231)	26	(220)	(425)
Share of Adjusted EBITDA from equity accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	26
Adjusted EBITDA	270	133	107	63	13	586	—	281	
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	(55)	(55)	—	—	(55)
Interest expense	(89)	(24)	(28)	(9)	(32)	(182)	6	(226)	(402)
Current income taxes	(10)	(2)	(2)	—	—	(14)	2	(25)	(37)
Distributions attributable to:									
Preferred limited partners equity	—	—	—	—	(10)	(10)	—	—	(10)
Preferred equity	—	—	—	—	(6)	(6)	—	—	(6)
Perpetual subordinated notes	—	—	—	—	(7)	(7)	—	—	(7)
Share of interest and cash taxes from equity accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	(8)	—	(8)
Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(30)	(30)
Funds From Operations	171	107	77	54	(97)	312	—	—	
Depreciation						(248)	11	(221)	(458)
Foreign exchange and financial instruments gain (loss)						31	(3)	125	153
Deferred income tax recovery (expense)						31	1	(14)	18
Other						(165)	(4)	247	78
Share of earnings from equity accounted investments						—	(5)	—	(5)
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests						—	—	(137)	(137)
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders⁽¹⁰⁾						\$ (39)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (39)

Segment Reconciliation on a Proportionate Basis – Three Months Ended June 30, 2022

The following table reflects Adjusted EBITDA and FFO and provides reconciliation to IFRS financial data for the three months ended June 30, 2022:

(MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Contribution from equity-accounted investments	Attributable to non-controlling interests	As per IFRS Financials ⁽¹¹⁾
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total			
Revenues	\$ 409	\$ 134	\$ 112	\$ 68	\$ —	\$ 723	\$ (47)	\$ 598	\$ 1,274
Other income	2	8	19	3	19	51	(1)	(36)	14
Direct operating costs	(128)	(40)	(27)	(24)	(8)	(227)	18	(157)	(366)
Share of Adjusted EBITDA from equity accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	2	32
Adjusted EBITDA	283	102	104	47	11	547	—	407	
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	(65)	(65)	—	—	(65)
Interest expense	(67)	(26)	(28)	(12)	(20)	(153)	4	(145)	(294)
Current income taxes	(11)	—	(2)	3	—	(10)	4	(25)	(31)
Distributions attributable to									
Preferred limited partners equity	—	—	—	—	(12)	(12)	—	—	(12)
Preferred equity	—	—	—	—	(6)	(6)	—	—	(6)
Perpetual subordinated notes	—	—	—	—	(7)	(7)	—	—	(7)
Share of interest and cash taxes from equity accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	(8)	(2)	(10)
Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(235)	(235)
Funds From Operations	205	76	74	38	(99)	294	—	—	
Depreciation						(233)	10	(166)	(389)
Foreign exchange and financial instruments gain (loss)						(12)	—	—	(12)
Deferred income tax expense						(4)	(2)	(25)	(31)
Other						(44)	(15)	52	(7)
Share of earnings from equity accounted investments						—	7	—	7
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests						—	—	139	139
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders⁽¹⁰⁾						\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1

Segment Reconciliation on a Proportionate Basis – Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

The following table reflects Adjusted EBITDA and FFO and provides reconciliation to IFRS financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2023:

(MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Contribution from equity-accounted investments	Attributable to non-controlling interests	As per IFRS financials ⁽⁹⁾
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total			
Revenues	\$ 860	\$ 273	\$ 198	\$ 160	\$ —	\$ 1,491	\$ (129)	\$ 1,174	\$ 2,536
Other income	16	43	23	14	34	130	(7)	(36)	87
Direct operating costs	(283)	(75)	(45)	(55)	(18)	(476)	60	(410)	(826)
Share of Adjusted EBITDA from equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	76	—	76
Adjusted EBITDA	593	241	176	119	16	1,145	—	728	
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	(112)	(112)	—	—	(112)
Interest expense - borrowings	(183)	(50)	(55)	(21)	(60)	(369)	16	(443)	(796)
Current income taxes	(20)	(5)	(4)	(1)	—	(30)	5	(55)	(80)
Distributions attributable to:									
Preferred limited partners equity	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)	—	—	(20)
Preferred equity	—	—	—	—	(13)	(13)	—	—	(13)
Perpetual subordinated notes	—	—	—	—	(14)	(14)	—	—	(14)
Share of interest and cash taxes from equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	(21)	—	(21)
Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(230)	(230)
Funds From Operations	390	186	117	97	(203)	587	—	—	
Depreciation						(489)	24	(422)	(887)
Foreign exchange and financial instruments gain (loss)						69	15	211	295
Deferred income tax recovery (expense)						34	4	(1)	37
Other						(272)	(34)	334	28
Share of earnings from equity-accounted investments						—	(9)	—	(9)
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests						—	—	(122)	(122)
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders⁽¹⁰⁾						\$ (71)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (71)

Segment Reconciliation on a Proportionate Basis – Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

The following table reflects Adjusted EBITDA and FFO and provides reconciliation to IFRS financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2022:

(MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Contribution from equity-accounted investments	Attributable to non-controlling interests	As per IFRS financials ⁽¹¹⁾
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total			
Revenues	\$ 766	\$ 286	\$ 193	\$ 127	\$ —	\$ 1,372	\$ (96)	\$ 1,134	\$ 2,410
Other income	22	12	55	16	24	129	(13)	(31)	85
Direct operating costs	(258)	(79)	(54)	(48)	(16)	(455)	39	(300)	(716)
Share of Adjusted EBITDA from equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	4	74
Adjusted EBITDA	530	219	194	95	8	1,046	—	807	
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	(141)	(141)	—	—	(141)
Interest expense - borrowings	(127)	(50)	(54)	(22)	(40)	(293)	10	(277)	(560)
Current income taxes	(24)	(1)	(2)	2	—	(25)	7	(55)	(73)
Distributions attributable to:									
Preferred limited partners equity	—	—	—	—	(23)	(23)	—	—	(23)
Preferred equity	—	—	—	—	(13)	(13)	—	—	(13)
Perpetual subordinated notes	—	—	—	—	(14)	(14)	—	—	(14)
Share of interest and cash taxes from equity-accounted investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	(17)	(4)	(21)
Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(471)	(471)
Funds From Operations	379	168	138	75	(223)	537	—	—	
Depreciation						(479)	19	(330)	(790)
Foreign exchange and financial instruments gain (loss)						(36)	1	(14)	(49)
Deferred income tax recovery (expense)						26	(2)	(29)	(5)
Other						(125)	(13)	84	(54)
Share of earnings from equity-accounted investments						—	(5)	—	(5)
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests						—	—	289	289
Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders⁽¹⁰⁾						\$ (77)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (77)

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Net income (loss) is reconciled to Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2023:

UNAUDITED (MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Total
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate		
Net income (loss)	\$ 93	\$ 59	\$ 39	\$ 45	\$ (85)	\$	151
Add back or deduct the following:							
Depreciation	163	175	84	35	1		458
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	(26)	9	6	(8)	1		(18)
Foreign exchange and financial instrument loss (gain)	(6)	(75)	(28)	(41)	(3)		(153)
Other ⁽¹²⁾	(7)	14	(11)	21	—		17
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	55		55
Interest expense	193	81	67	36	25		402
Current income tax expense (recovery)	25	6	6	—	—		37
Amount attributable to equity accounted investments and non- controlling interests ⁽¹³⁾	(165)	(136)	(56)	(25)	19		(363)
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 270</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 107</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>586</u>

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Net income (loss) is reconciled to Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2022:

UNAUDITED (MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Total
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate		
Net income (loss)	\$ 132	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 25	\$ (49)	\$	122
Add back or deduct the following:							
Depreciation	154	134	68	31	2		389
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	21	21	4	3	(18)		31
Foreign exchange and financial instrument loss (gain)	25	(20)	10	(2)	(1)		12
Other ⁽¹²⁾	(3)	9	33	—	(3)		36
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	65		65
Interest expense	144	60	46	19	25		294
Current income tax expense (recovery)	27	2	2	—	—		31
Amount attributable to equity accounted investments and non- controlling interests ⁽¹³⁾	(217)	(117)	(60)	(29)	(10)		(433)
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 283</u>	<u>\$ 102</u>	<u>\$ 104</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>547</u>

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Net income (loss) is reconciled to Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2023:

UNAUDITED (MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders					
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-Scale Solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total
Net income (loss)	\$ 331	\$ 105	\$ (7)	\$ 79	\$ (180)	\$ 328
Add back or deduct the following:						
Depreciation	317	330	167	72	1	887
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	(1)	10	5	(22)	(29)	(37)
Foreign exchange and financial instrument loss (gain)	(100)	(115)	(26)	(50)	(4)	(295)
Other ⁽¹²⁾	18	19	1	24	25	87
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	112	112
Interest expense	376	148	133	64	75	796
Current income tax expense (recovery)	59	10	11	—	—	80
Amount attributable to equity accounted investments and non- controlling interests ⁽¹³⁾	(407)	(266)	(108)	(48)	16	(813)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 593	\$ 241	\$ 176	\$ 119	\$ 16	\$ 1,145

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Net income (loss) is reconciled to Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2022:

UNAUDITED (MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders					
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-Scale Solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total
Net income (loss)	\$ 218	\$ (1)	\$ 9	\$ 62	\$ (133)	\$ 155
Add back or deduct the following:						
Depreciation	311	282	134	61	2	790
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	15	32	(7)	—	(35)	5
Foreign exchange and financial instrument loss (gain)	85	(24)	17	(9)	(20)	49
Other ⁽¹²⁾	5	32	54	7	14	112
Management service costs	—	—	—	—	141	141
Interest expense	268	122	86	35	49	560
Current income tax expense (recovery)	64	6	3	—	—	73
Amount attributable to equity accounted investments and non- controlling interests ⁽¹³⁾	(436)	(230)	(102)	(61)	(10)	(839)
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 530</u>	<u>\$ 219</u>	<u>\$ 194</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 1,046</u>

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS financial metrics presented in this report to the most directly comparable IFRS measures:

UNAUDITED (MILLIONS)	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income (loss)	\$ 151	\$ 122	\$ 328	\$ 155
Add back or deduct the following:				
Depreciation	458	389	887	790
Deferred income tax recovery	(18)	31	(37)	5
Foreign exchange and unrealized financial instruments gain (loss)	(153)	12	(295)	49
Other ⁽¹²⁾	17	36	87	112
Amount attributable to equity accounted investment and non-controlling interest⁽¹³⁾	(143)	(296)	(383)	(574)
Funds From Operations	\$ 312	\$ 294	\$ 587	\$ 537
Normalized long-term average generation adjustment	66	11	81	58
Normalized foreign currency adjustment	1	2	12	4
Normalized Funds From Operations	\$ 379	\$ 307	\$ 680	\$ 599

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures (cont'd)

The following table reconciles the non-IFRS per unit financial metrics to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Earnings per LP unit is reconciled to FFO per Unit and Normalized FFO per Unit for the three and six months ended June 30:

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Basic income (loss) per LP unit⁽¹⁴⁾	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.19)
Adjusted for proportionate share of:				
Depreciation	0.38	0.36	0.75	0.74
Deferred income tax recovery	(0.05)	0.01	(0.05)	(0.04)
Foreign exchange and financial instruments loss	(0.05)	0.02	(0.11)	0.06
Other	0.30	0.10	0.52	0.26
Funds From Operations per Unit⁽¹⁵⁾	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.91	\$ 0.83
Normalized long-term average generation adjustment	0.10	0.01	0.13	0.09
Normalized foreign exchange adjustment	—	—	0.01	—
Normalized Funds From Operation per Unit⁽¹⁵⁾	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.92

Segment Proportionate Balance Sheet

Brookfield

(MILLIONS)	Attributable to Unitholders						Contribution from equity-accounted investments	Attributable to non-controlling interests	As per IFRS financials
	Hydroelectric	Wind	Utility-scale solar	Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	Corporate	Total			
As at June 30, 2023									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174	\$ 159	\$ 93	\$ 74	\$ 18	\$ 518	\$ (56)	\$ 740	\$ 1,202
Property, plant and equipment	19,416	4,992	3,006	2,387	3	29,804	(1,287)	27,745	56,262
Total assets	21,072	5,686	3,612	3,063	289	33,722	(793)	32,972	65,901
Total borrowings	5,025	1,958	2,357	928	2,661	12,929	(557)	12,043	24,415
Other liabilities	5,875	1,395	622	688	307	8,887	(236)	4,323	12,974
As at December 31, 2022:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84	\$ 150	\$ 139	\$ 72	\$ —	\$ 445	\$ (43)	\$ 596	\$ 998
Property, plant and equipment, at fair value	18,900	4,853	3,046	2,337	—	29,136	(1,165)	26,312	54,283
Total assets	20,887	5,565	3,520	2,794	581	33,347	(587)	31,351	64,111
Total borrowings	4,990	2,035	2,382	928	2,556	12,891	(373)	12,332	24,850
Other liabilities	5,983	1,674	492	507	271	8,927	(204)	4,252	12,975



Appendix 2 – Additional Information

Annualized Proportionate Long-term Average Generation

GENERATION (GWh) ⁽¹⁶⁾	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Hydroelectric					
North America					
United States	2,225	2,357	1,466	1,951	7,999
Canada	1,010	1,210	980	959	4,159
	3,235	3,567	2,446	2,910	12,158
Colombia	822	902	879	995	3,598
Brazil	1,008	1,020	1,034	1,035	4,097
	5,065	5,489	4,359	4,940	19,853
Wind					
North America					
United States	952	946	788	909	3,595
Canada	313	273	217	328	1,131
	1,265	1,219	1,005	1,237	4,726
Europe	271	204	170	247	892
Brazil	143	182	248	207	780
Asia	231	241	225	250	947
	1,910	1,846	1,648	1,941	7,345
Utility-scale solar	617	854	891	586	2,948
District energy & sustainable solutions	198	292	280	180	950
Total	7,790	8,481	7,178	7,647	31,096

Annualized Consolidated Long-term Average Generation

GENERATION (GWh) ⁽¹⁶⁾	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Hydroelectric					
North America					
United States	3,402	3,469	2,171	2,921	11,963
Canada	1,235	1,489	1,236	1,218	5,178
	4,637	4,958	3,407	4,139	17,141
Colombia	3,632	3,985	3,881	4,393	15,891
Brazil	1,183	1,198	1,214	1,216	4,811
	9,452	10,141	8,502	9,748	37,843
Wind					
North America					
United States	3,030	2,991	2,508	2,726	11,255
Canada	400	345	273	420	1,438
	3,430	3,336	2,781	3,146	12,693
Europe	772	553	496	730	2,551
Brazil	438	549	756	647	2,390
Asia	946	972	913	1,024	3,855
	5,586	5,410	4,946	5,547	21,489
Utility-scale solar	2,054	2,545	2,689	1,983	9,271
Distributed energy & sustainable solutions	598	828	795	551	2,772
Total	17,690	18,924	16,932	17,829	71,375

Development Profile - Schedule

The following table summarizes the expected commissioning schedule of our renewable power and sustainable solutions development pipeline:

Development Pipeline	2023	2024	2025	Remaining Advanced Stage	Total Advanced Stage Pipeline	Remaining Pipeline	Total Pipeline
Renewable Power							
Hydro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wind	276	257	930	340	1,803	11,259	13,062
Solar UT	687	1,145	1,686	3,674	7,192	34,879	42,071
Sustainable solutions	221	877	183	70	1,351	25,356	26,707
North America	1,184	2,279	2,799	4,084	10,346	71,494	81,840
Hydro	—	—	—	99	99	2,387	2,486
Wind	—	248	—	—	248	1,460	1,708
Solar UT	100	—	795	—	895	1,375	2,270
Sustainable solutions	118	173	338	—	629	513	1,142
South America	218	421	1,133	99	1,871	5,735	7,606
Hydro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wind	—	—	212	1,440	1,652	3,973	5,625
Solar UT	208	1,121	646	45	2,020	11,776	13,796
Sustainable solutions	149	431	253	—	833	3,052	3,885
Europe	357	1,552	1,111	1,485	4,505	18,801	23,306
Hydro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wind	460	481	400	—	1,341	5,341	6,682
Solar UT	623	1,600	559	665	3,447	6,976	10,423
Sustainable solutions	278	370	310	—	958	3,625	4,582
APAC	1,361	2,451	1,269	665	5,746	15,942	21,688
Total (MW)	3,120	6,703	6,312	6,333	22,468	111,972	134,440
Sustainable Solutions							
Carbon Capture & Storage (TMTPA ¹)	15	—	208	425	648	11,989	12,637
RNG Production (MMBtu ²)	—	1,115,639	1,518,509	—	2,634,148	1,374,866	4,009,014
Material Recycling (Tons)	684,000	380,000	1,041,400	—	2,105,400	978,000	3,083,400
Solar Panels (MWs)	—	1,500	2,500	—	4,000	1,000	5,000
Green Ammonia (Tons)	—	—	—	—	—	1,000,000	1,000,000

(1) Thousand metric tons per annum

(2) Metric million British thermal unit



Appendix 3 – Presentation to Stakeholders and Performance Measurement

Actual and Long-term Average Generation

For assets acquired, disposed or reaching commercial operation during the period, reported generation is calculated from the acquisition, disposition or commercial operation date and is not annualized. As it relates to Colombia only, generation includes both hydroelectric and cogeneration facilities. “Other” includes generation from North America cogeneration and Brazil biomass.

North America hydroelectric LTA is the expected average level of generation based on the results of a simulation based on historical inflow data performed over a period of typically 30 years. Colombia hydroelectric LTA is the expected average level of generation based on the results of a simulation based on historical inflow data performed over a period of typically 20 years. For substantially all of our hydroelectric assets in Brazil, the LTA is based on the reference amount of electricity allocated to our facilities under the market framework which levelizes generation risk across producers. Wind LTA is the expected average level of generation based on the results of simulated historical wind speed data performed over a period of typically 10 years. Utility-scale solar LTA is the expected average level of generation based on the results of a simulation using historical irradiance levels in the locations of our projects over a period of 14 to 20 years.

We compare actual generation levels against the long-term average to highlight the impact of an important factor that affects the variability of our business results. In the short-term, we recognize that hydrology, wind and irradiance conditions will vary from one period to the next; over time however, we expect our facilities will continue to produce inline with their long-term averages, which have proven to be reliable indicators of performance.

Our risk of a generation shortfall in Brazil continues to be minimized by participation in a hydrological balancing pool administered by the government of Brazil. This program mitigates hydrology risk by assuring that all participants receive, at any particular point in time, an assured energy amount, irrespective of the actual volume of energy generated. The program reallocates energy, transferring surplus energy from those who generated an excess to those who generate less than their assured energy, up to the total generation within the pool. Periodically, low precipitation across the entire country’s system could result in a temporary reduction of generation available for sale. During these periods, we expect that a higher proportion of thermal generation would be needed to balance supply and demand in the country potentially leading to higher overall spot market prices.

Generation from our pumped storage and cogeneration facilities in North America is highly dependent on market price conditions rather than the generating capacity of the facilities. Our pumped storage facility in Europe generates on a dispatchable basis when required by our contracts for ancillary services. Generation from our biomass facilities in Brazil is dependent on the amount of sugar cane harvested in a given year. For these reasons, we do not consider a long-term average for these facilities.

Brookfield Renewable’s consolidated equity interests

Brookfield Renewable’s consolidated equity interests include the non-voting publicly traded limited partnership units (“LP units”) held by public unitholders and Brookfield, redeemable/exchangeable partnership units held by Brookfield (“Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units”), in Brookfield Renewable Energy L.P. (“BRELP”), a holding subsidiary of Brookfield Renewable, general partnership interest (“GP interest”) in BRELP held by Brookfield and class A BEPC exchangeable subordinated voting shares (“BEPC exchangeable shares”). Holders of the GP interest, Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units, LP units, and BEPC exchangeable shares will be collectively referred to throughout as “Unitholders” or “per Unit”. The LP units, Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units and BEPC exchangeable shares have the same economic attributes in all respects.

One of our primary business objectives is to generate reliable and growing cash flows while minimizing risk for the benefit of all stakeholders. We monitor our performance in this regard through four key metrics – i) Net Income (Loss), ii) Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, iii) Funds From Operations and iv) Cash Available for Distribution. It is important to highlight that Adjusted EBITDA, Funds From Operations and Cash Available for Distribution do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

- **Net Income (Loss)** – Calculated in accordance with IFRS. Net income (loss) is an important measure of profitability, in particular because it has a standardized meaning under IFRS. The presentation of net income (loss) on an IFRS basis for our business will often lead to the recognition of a loss or a year-over-year decrease in income even though the underlying cash flows generated by the assets are supported by strong margins and stable, long-term power purchase agreements. The primary reason for this is that accounting rules require us to recognize a significantly higher level of depreciation for our assets than we are required to reinvest in the business as sustaining capital expenditures.
- **Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization (Adjusted EBITDA)** – EBITDA is a non-IFRS measure used by investors to analyze the operating performance of companies. Brookfield Renewable uses Adjusted EBITDA to assess the performance of its operations before the effects of interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, management service costs, non-controlling interests, unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments, non-cash income or loss from equity-accounted investments, distributions to preferred shareholders preferred unitholders, perpetual subordinated noteholders and other typical non-recurring items. Brookfield Renewable adjusts for these factors as they may be non-cash, unusual in nature and/or are not factors used by management for evaluating operating performance. Brookfield Renewable includes realized disposition gains and losses on assets that we developed and/or did not intend to hold over the long-term within Adjusted EBITDA in order to provide additional insight regarding the performance of investments on a cumulative realized basis, including any unrealized fair value adjustments that were recorded in equity and not otherwise reflected in current period Adjusted EBITDA. Brookfield Renewable believes that presentation of this measure will enhance an investor's understanding of the performance of the business.
- **Funds From Operations, Normalized Funds From Operations, Funds From Operations per Unit and Normalized Funds From Operations per Unit** – Funds From Operations is a non-IFRS measure used by investors to analyze net earnings from operations without the effects of certain volatile items that generally have no current financial impact or items not directly related to the performance of the business. Brookfield Renewable uses Funds From Operations to assess the performance of the business before the effects of certain cash items (e.g. acquisition costs and other typical non-recurring cash items) and certain non-cash items (e.g. deferred income taxes, depreciation, non-cash portion of non-controlling interests, unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments, non-cash income or loss from equity-accounted investments, and other non-cash items) as these are not reflective of the performance of the underlying business. In our audited consolidated financial statements we use the revaluation approach in accordance with IAS 16, *Property, Plant and Equipment*, whereby depreciation is determined based on a revalued amount, thereby reducing comparability with our peers who do not report under IFRS as issued by the IASB or who do not employ the revaluation approach to measuring property, plant and equipment. We add back deferred income taxes on the basis that we do not believe this item reflects the present value of the actual tax obligations that we expect to incur over our long-term investment horizon. Brookfield Renewable believes that analysis and presentation of Funds From Operations on this basis will enhance an investor's understanding of the performance of the business. Normalized Funds From Operations assumes long-term average generation in all segments and uses constant foreign currency rates for all periods presented. Brookfield Renewable does not place undue attention on short-term fluctuations in hydrology or resource and uses Normalized Funds From Operations to assess the fundamental performance of the business when actual generation varies materially from long-term average. Funds From Operations per Unit and Normalized Funds From Operations per Unit are not substitute measures of performance for earnings per LP unit and should not represent amounts available for distribution to LP unitholders. Funds From Operations may differ from definitions of Funds From Operations used by other entities, as well as the definition of funds from operations used by the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALPAC") and the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. ("NAREIT").

- **Cash Available for Distribution** – Cash Available for Distribution is a non-IFRS measure used by investors to analyze net earnings from operations without the effects of certain volatile items that generally have no current financial impact or items not directly related to the performance of the business. Brookfield Renewable uses Cash Available for Distribution to also assess performance of the business and defines it as Normalized Funds From Operations minus Brookfield Renewable's proportionate share of adjusted sustaining capital expenditures (see below), minus the long-term sustainable debt amortization of our wind and utility-scale solar portfolios (the initial debt capacity of our wind and utility-scale solar projects amortized on a straight line basis over the useful life of the projects) plus realized disposition gains and losses on assets that we intend to hold over the long-term. Adjusted sustaining capital expenditures are an estimate made by management of the amount of ongoing capital investment required to maintain the condition of all our facilities and current revenues. Annually, Brookfield Renewable determines the fair value of its property, plant and equipment using a 20-year discounted cash flow model with each operational facility having a 20-year capital plan. In addition, the useful lives of property, plant and equipment are determined periodically by independent engineers and are reviewed annually by management. Management considers several items in estimating adjusted sustaining capital expenditures. Such factors include, but are not limited to, review and analysis of historical capital spending, the annual budgeted capital expenditures, management's 5-year business plan, and independent third-party engineering assessments. Sustaining capital expenditures do not occur evenly over the life of our assets and may fluctuate depending on the timing of actual project spend. Adjusted sustaining capital expenditures are intended to reflect an average annual spending level based on the 20-year capital plan and are our best estimate of the long-term capital required to maintain the operations of our facilities. Over time, we expect our average sustaining capital expenditures to be in line with our adjusted long-term sustaining capital forecasts. Accounting rules require us to recognize a significantly higher level of depreciation for our assets than we are required to reinvest in the business as sustaining capital expenditures. This higher level of depreciation is primarily attributed to: 1) our election to annually fair value property, plant and equipment under IFRS; and 2) accounting useful life is not always reflective of the perpetual nature of a hydroelectric facility. Neither Normalized Funds From Operations or Cash Available for Distribution are intended to be representative of cash provided by operating activities or results of operations determined in accordance with IFRS. Furthermore, these measures are not used by the CODM to assess Brookfield Renewable's liquidity.

- (1) LTA is calculated based on our portfolio as at June 30, 2023, reflecting all facilities on a consolidated and an annualized basis from the beginning of the year, regardless of the acquisition, disposition or commercial operation date. See 'Presentation to Stakeholders' for our methodology in computing LTA and for why we do not consider LTA for our pumped storage and certain of our other facilities.
- (2) Includes a battery storage facility in North America (20 MW).
- (3) Includes two wind plants in Colombia (32 MW).
- (4) Includes a battery storage facility in North America (10 MW).
- (5) Includes two wind facilities (96 MW) in Uruguay that have been presented as Assets held for sale.
- (6) Includes a solar facility (25 MW) in Uruguay that has been presented as Assets held for sale.
- (7) Includes nine fuel cell facilities in North America (10 MW).
- (8) Includes pumped storage in North America (667 MW) and Europe (2,088 MW), four biomass facilities in Brazil (175 MW), 12 cogeneration plants in Latin America (846 MW), one cogeneration plant in North America (105 MW) and two cogeneration plants in Europe (124 MW).
- (9) Share of earnings from equity-accounted investments of \$13 million is comprised of amounts found on the share of Adjusted EBITDA, share of interest and cash taxes and share of earnings lines. Net income attributable to participating non-controlling interests – in operating subsidiaries of \$167 million is comprised of amounts found on Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests and Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests.
- (10) Net income (loss) attributable to Unitholders includes net income (loss) attributable to GP interest, Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units, BEPC exchangeable shares and LP units. Total net income (loss) includes amounts attributable to Unitholders, non-controlling interests, preferred limited partners equity, preferred equity and perpetual subordinated notes.
- (11) Share of loss from equity-accounted investments of \$29 million is comprised of amounts found on the share of Adjusted EBITDA, share of interest and cash taxes and share of earnings lines. Net loss attributable to participating non-controlling interests – in operating subsidiaries of \$96 million is comprised of amounts found on Share of Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interests and Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests.
- (12) Other corresponds to amounts that are not related to the revenue earning activities and are not normal, recurring cash operating expenses necessary for business operations. Other also includes derivative and other revaluations and settlements, gains or losses on debt extinguishment/modification, transaction costs, legal, provisions, amortization of concession assets and Brookfield Renewable's economic share of foreign currency hedges and realized disposition gains and losses on assets that we developed and/or did not intend to hold over the long-term that are included in Funds From Operations.
- (13) Amount attributable to equity accounted investments corresponds to the Funds From Operations that are generated by its investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method. Amounts attributable to non-controlling interest are calculated based on the economic ownership interest held by non-controlling interests in consolidated subsidiaries. By adjusting Funds From Operations attributable to non-controlling interest, our partnership is able to remove the portion of Funds From Operations earned at non-wholly owned subsidiaries that are not attributable to our partnership.
- (14) Average LP units outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 were 277.6 million and 276.5 million, respectively (2022: 275.2 million and 275.1 million, respectively).
- (15) Average Units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 were 649.6 million and 647.8 million, respectively (2022: 645.9 million and 645.8 million, respectively), being inclusive of our LP units, Redeemable/Exchangeable partnership units, BEPC exchangeable shares and GP interest.
- (16) LTA is calculated on a proportionate and an annualized basis from the beginning of the year, regardless of the acquisition or commercial operation date. See Presentation to Stakeholders and Performance Measurement for an explanation on the calculation and relevance of proportionate information, our methodology in computing LTA and why we do not consider LTA for our pumped storage and certain of our other facilities.
- (17) Any reference to capital refers to Brookfield's cash deployed, excluding any debt financing.
- (18) We include assets for which we have access to a priority growth pipeline that if funded would provide us opportunity to own a near-majority share of the business.
- (19) Net debt is a Non-IFRS measure and is calculated on a proportionate basis as our share of debt net of cash. See Presentation to Stakeholders and Performance Measurement for relevance of proportionate information. For reconciliation to the most directly comparable IFRS measure see "Part 5 - Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the Q2 2023 Management's Discussion and Analysis for reconciliation of proportionate debt to consolidated debt and see "Segment Proportionate Balance Sheet" for reconciliation of proportionate cash and cash equivalents to consolidated cash and cash equivalents.

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